



Development of Achromatic Imaging Capabilities for pRad at LANSCE

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Contents

Part I – Motivation

- Proton radiography basics
- Present limitations of 800 MeV pRad at LANSCE

Part II – Focus Stacking (Semi-Achromat)

- Focus stacking concept & limitations
- First experimental results (July/August 2022)

Part III – Achromatic Lens System

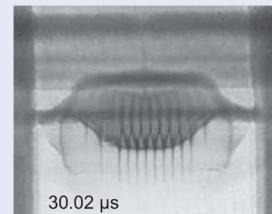
- Prototype design for 21.5 MeV electrons

Why Proton Radiography?

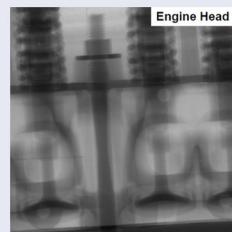
High energy protons have:

- Good range in matter
- Low amount of scattering
- Low dose deposition
- Excellent accelerator timing capabilities

Suitable diagnostics for:



materials in extremes



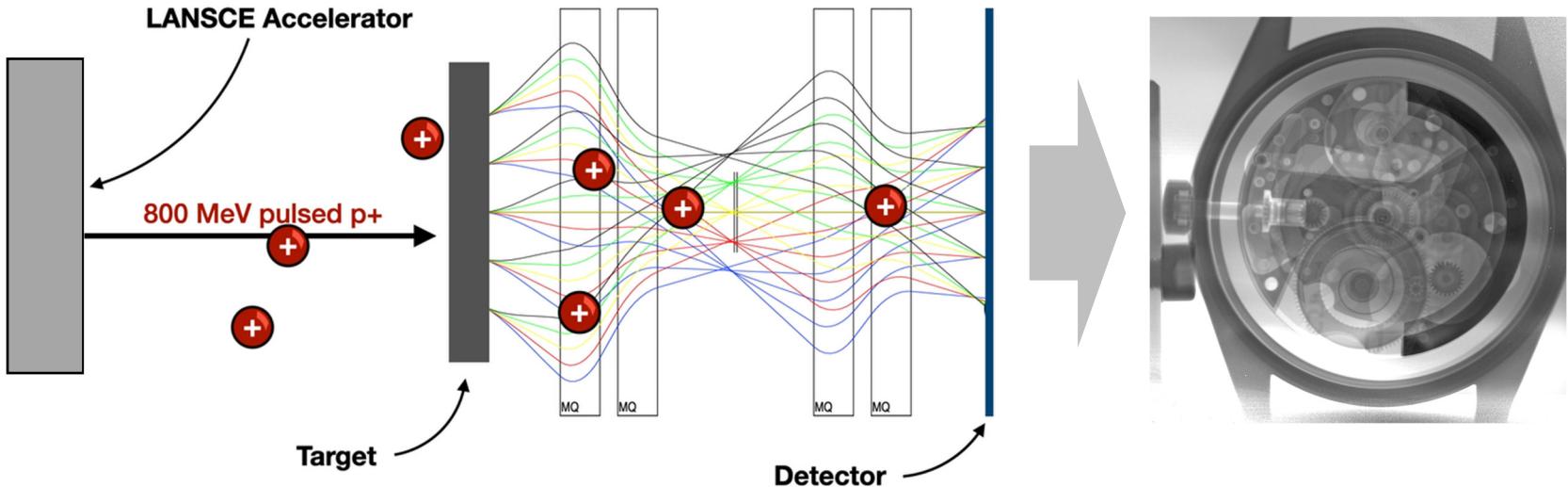
industrial applications



biophysics / medical applications

Proton Radiography – Theory

Lens based radiography



Proton transport through lens system:

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_i \\ a_i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} R_{11}^I & R_{12}^I \\ R_{21}^I & R_{22}^I \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_o \\ a_o \end{pmatrix}$$

Adding 2nd order terms:

$$x_i = m x_o + T_{116} x_o \delta + T_{126} a_o \delta$$

~~$T_{116} x_o \delta$~~ = 0 (matching)

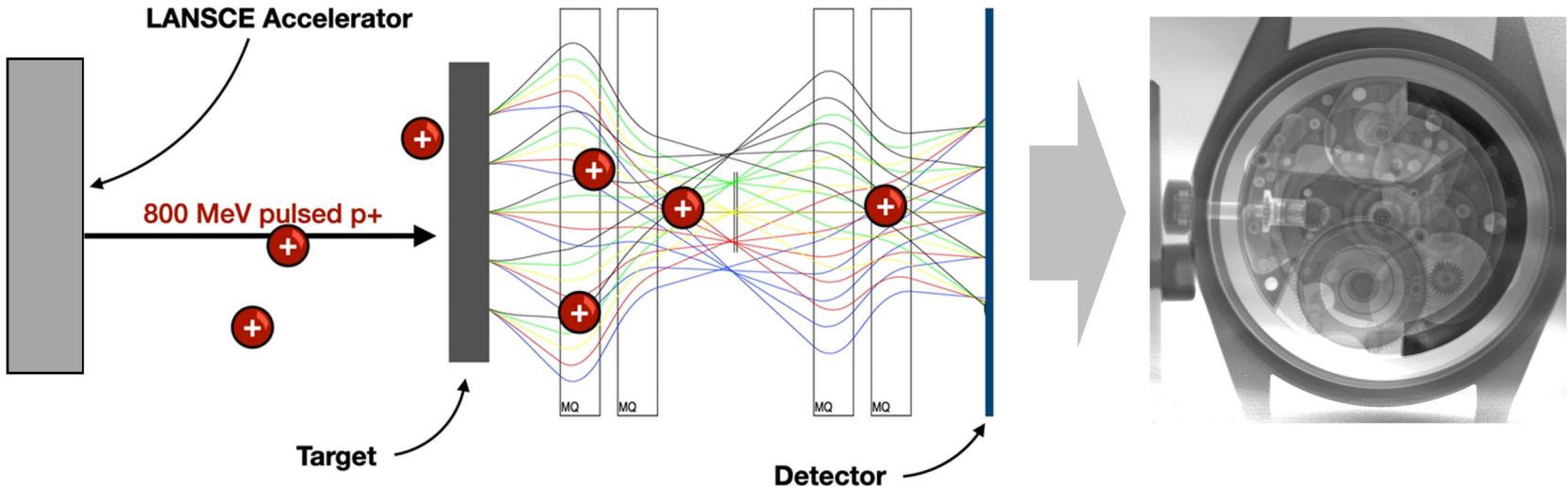
Expression at the image plane:

$$x_i = R_{11}^I x_o + R_{12}^I a_o$$

~~$R_{12}^I a_o$~~ = 0 (imaging)

Proton Radiography – Theory

Lens based radiography



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Expression at the image plane:

$$x_i = R_{11}^I x_o + R_{12}^I a_o$$

$\cancel{+ R_{21}^I d_o}$
=0 (imaging)

Adding 2nd order terms:

$$x_i = m x_o + T_{116} x_o \delta + T_{126} a_o \delta$$

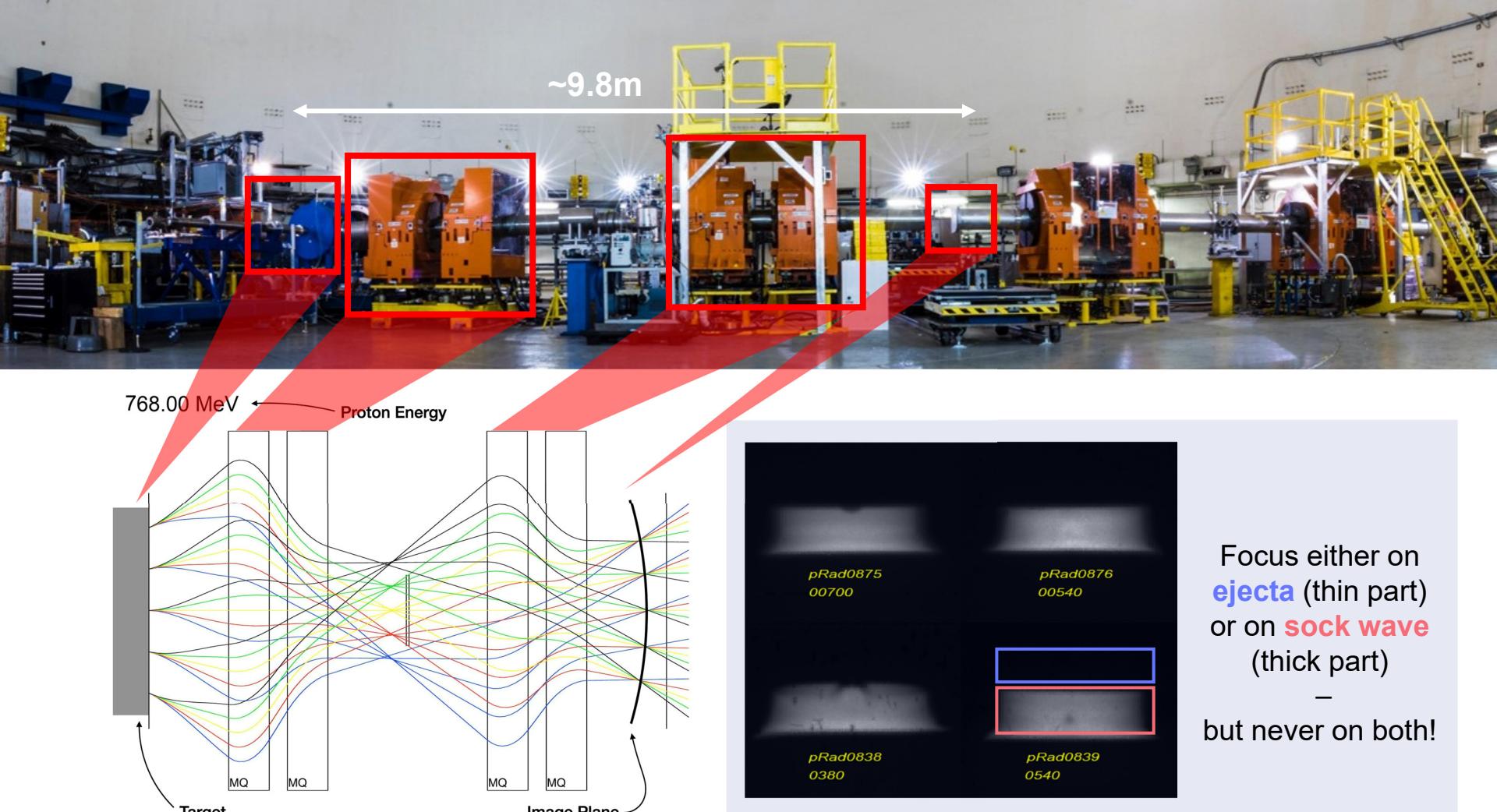
$\cancel{+ T_{216} d_o \delta}$
=0 (matching)

Final expression for the image plane:

$$x_i = -m x_o + T_{126} \theta \delta$$

Proton Radiography – Limitations

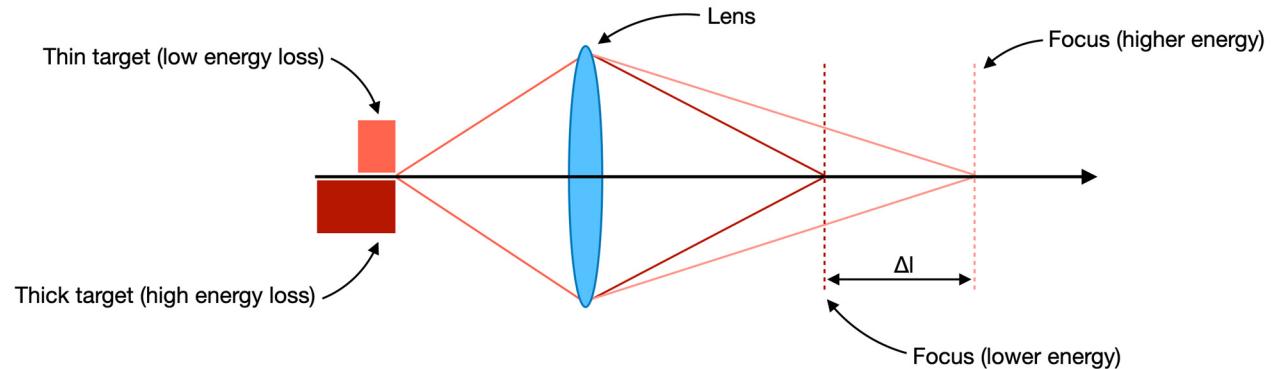
Monochromaticity & depth of field limitation



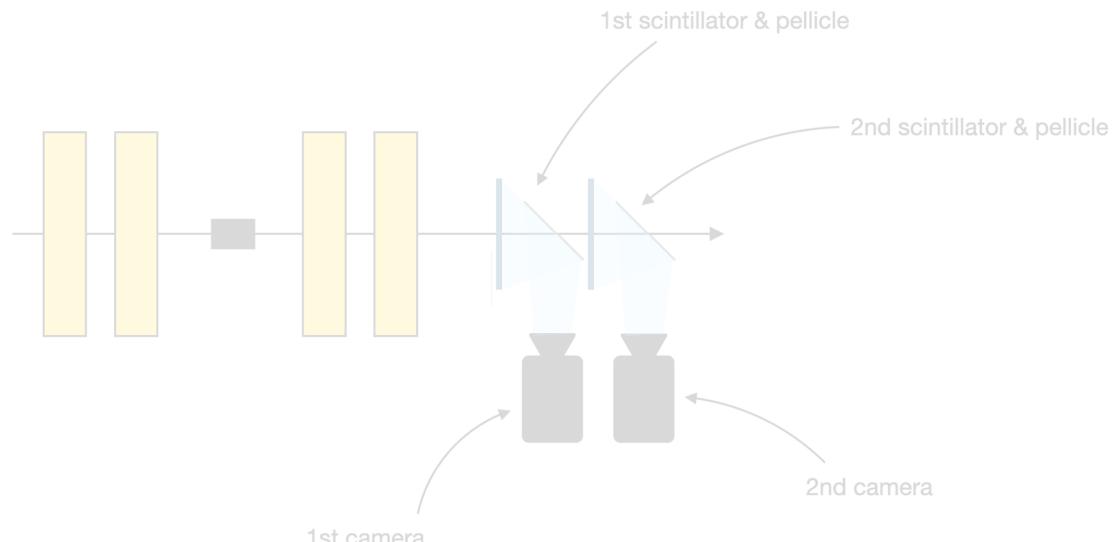
Focus Stacking Concept

or "the poor man's achromat"

general concept



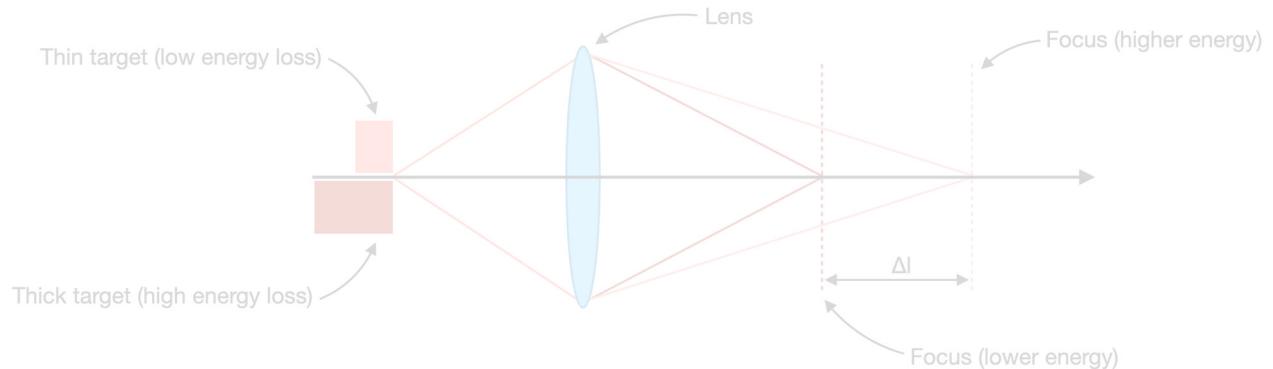
implementation
for pRad



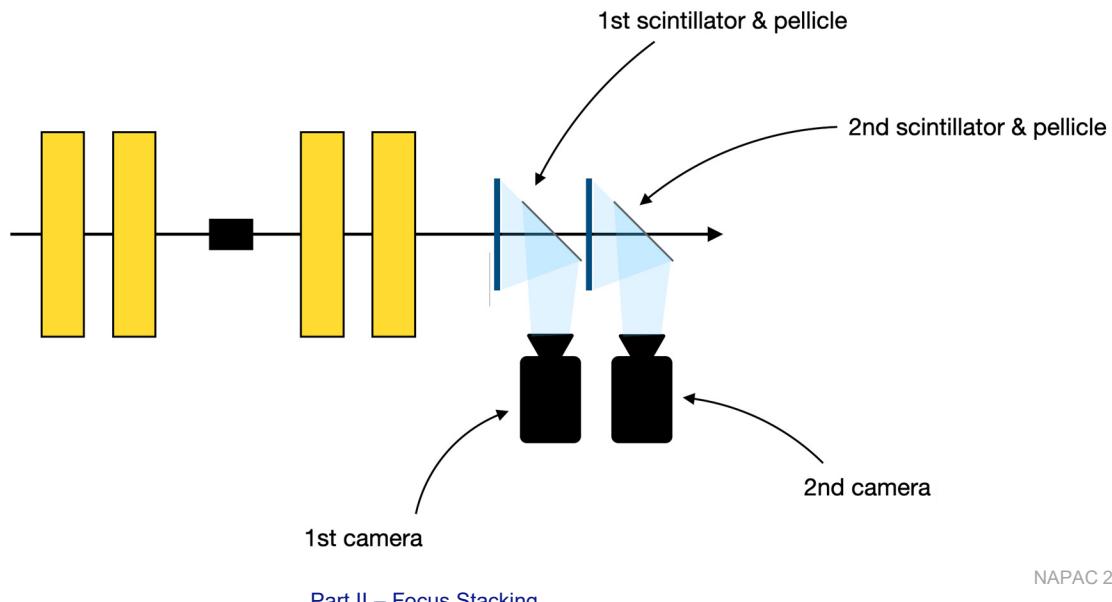
Focus Stacking Concept

or "the poor man's achromat"

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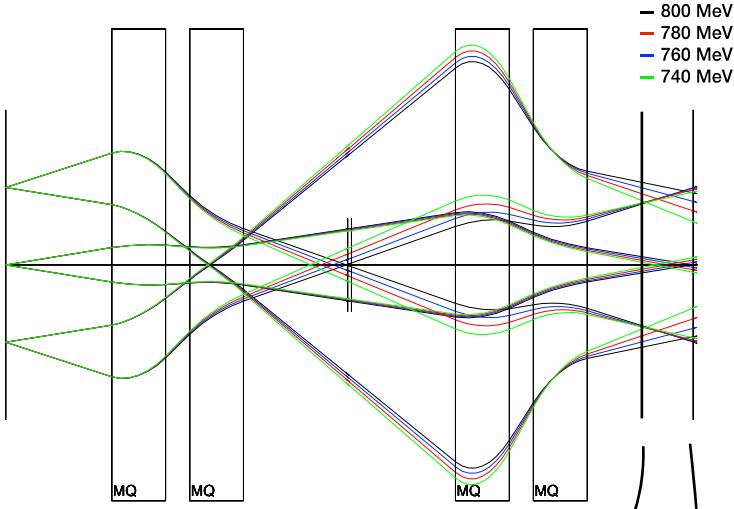


implementation
for pRad



Focus Stacking Concept

Suitability for different pRad lens systems



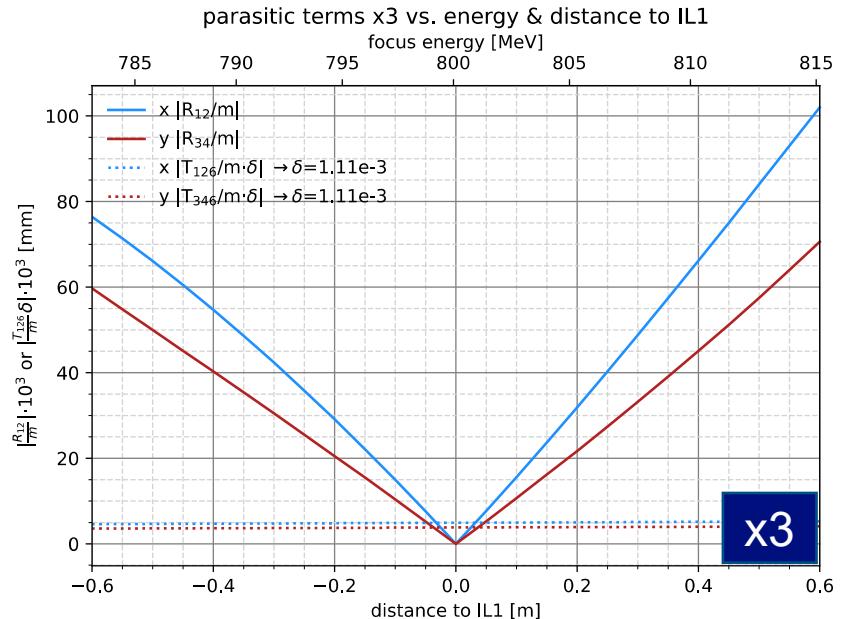
1st detector / image plane:

$$x_i = -m x_o + T_{126} \theta \delta$$



2nd detector / image plane:

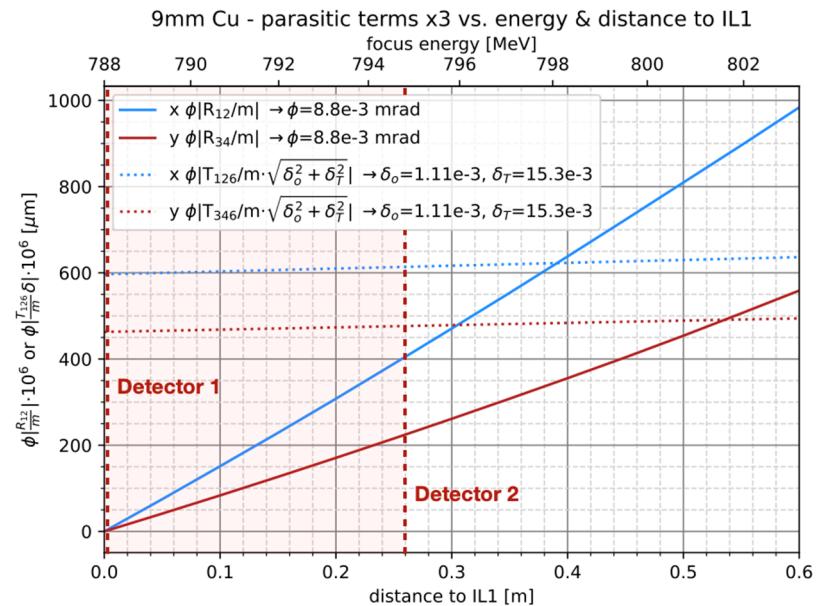
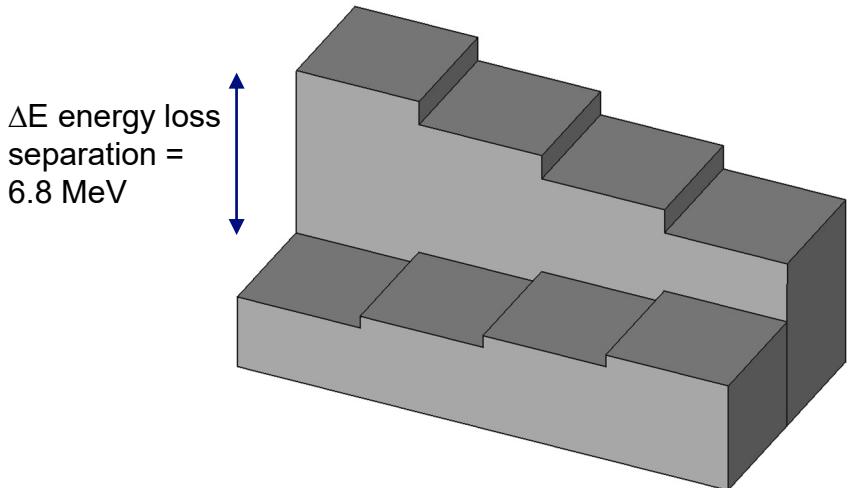
$$x_i = -m x_o + R_{12} a_0 + T_{126} \theta \delta$$



Focus Stacking Experiments

Target design & initial considerations

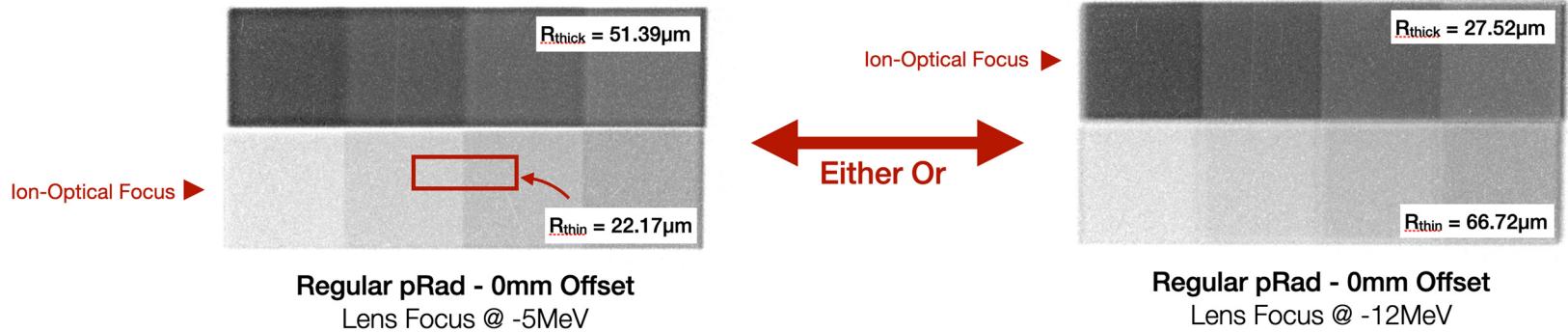
- Target geometry specifically designed to match a typical x3 focus stacking scenario
- Energy separation of $\Delta E = 6.8 \text{ MeV}$ which corresponds to a detector z-shift of $\sim 0.26 \text{ m}$



Focus Stacking Results

x3 magnifier / 10 mrad collimation

pRad



pRad
with stacking



Focus Stacking Results

x3 magnifier / 10 mrad collimation

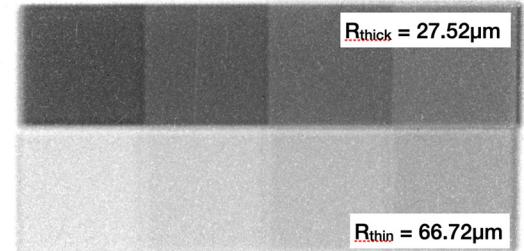
pRad

Ion-Optical Focus ►



Regular pRad - 0mm Offset
Lens Focus @ -5MeV

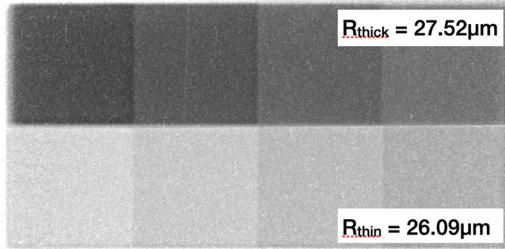
Ion-Optical Focus ►



Regular pRad - 0mm Offset
Lens Focus @ -12MeV

pRad
with stacking

Ion-Optical Focus
0mm Offset
1st Scintillator ►

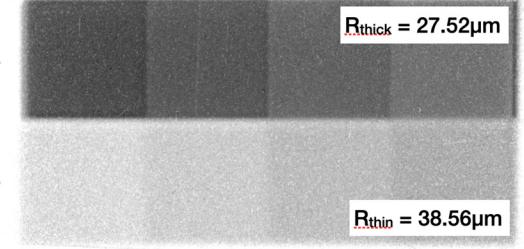


Stacked - 0 + 260mm Offset
no 1st Detector (theoretical limit)
Lens Focus @ -12MeV
Detector Focus @ -5MeV

Ion-Optical Focus
0mm Offset
1st Scintillator ►

Detector Position Focus
260mm Offset ►
2nd Scintillator

42% improvement
(real)



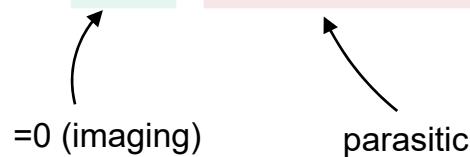
Stacked - 0 + 260mm Offset
with 500μm LSO Mock-Up (real scenario)
Lens Focus @ -12MeV
Detector Focus @ -5MeV

Achromatic Lens - Theory

(Dis-)advantages of an achromatic lens system

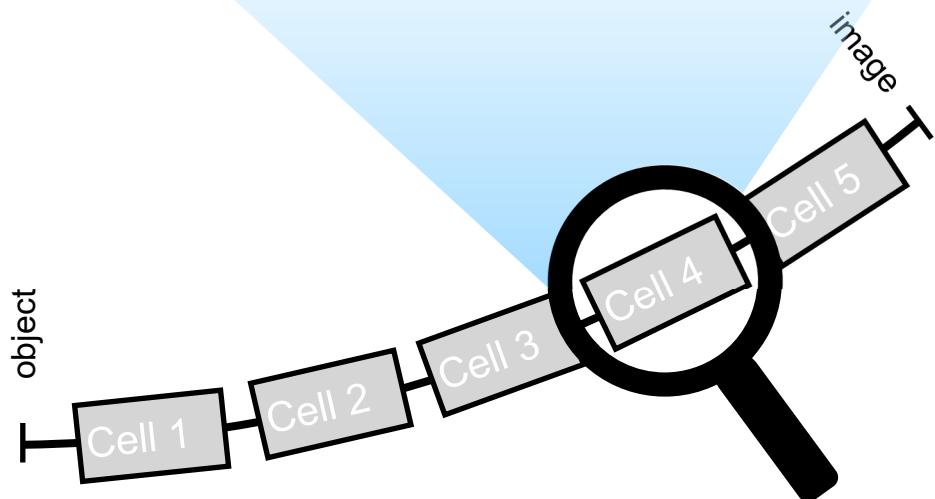
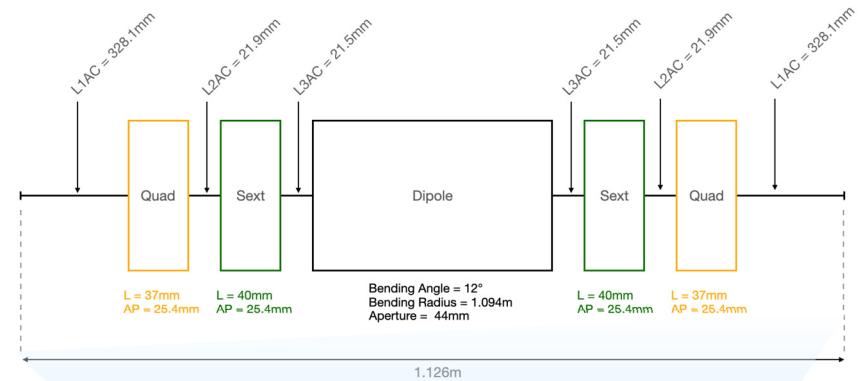
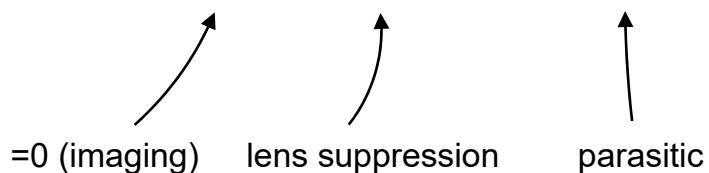
Chromatic lens system (pRad):

$$x_i = R_{11}x_o + R_{12}a_o + T_{126}\theta\delta + \text{higher orders}$$



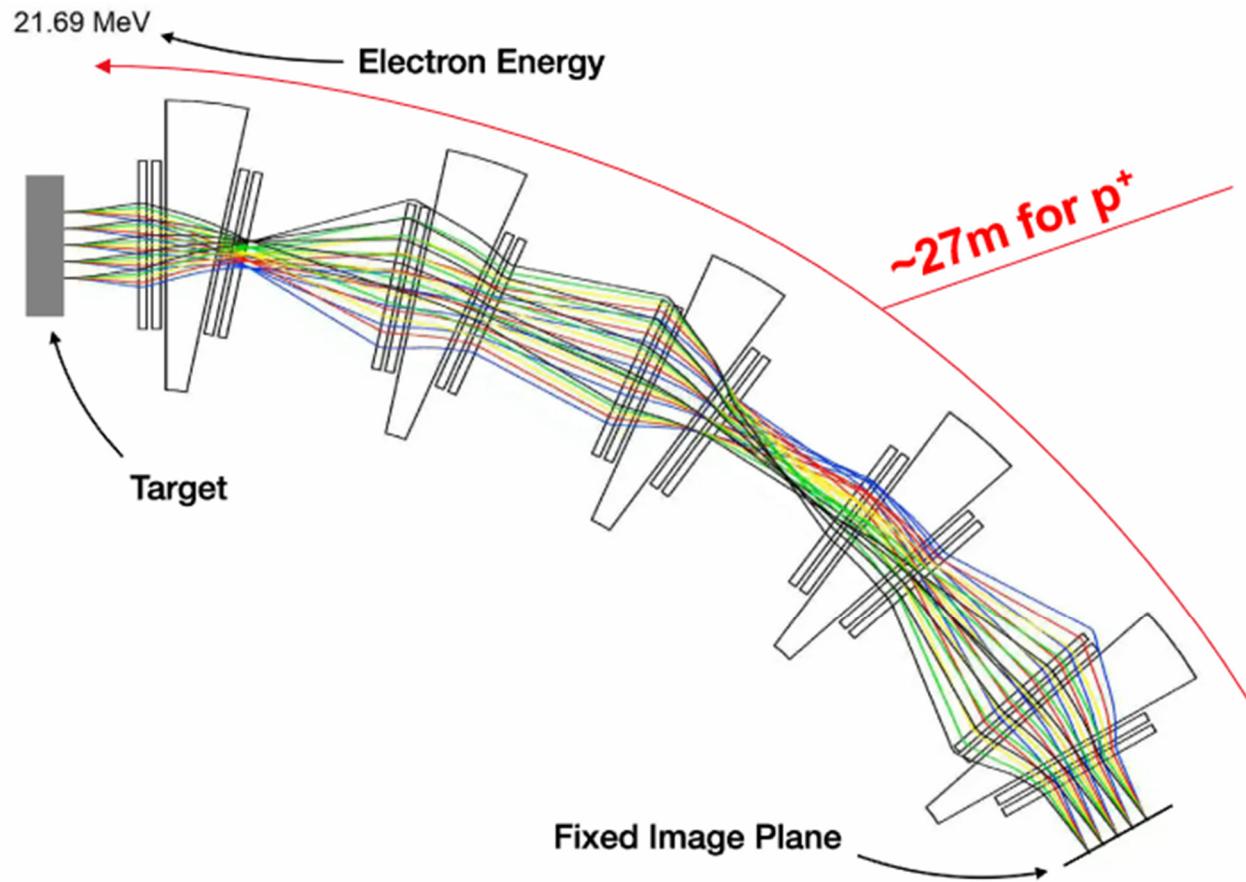
Achromatic lens system:

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Achromatic Lens

Ion-optical prototype design for 21.5MeV electrons



Summary

Part I

- pRad is a powerful user facility to diagnose materials at extremes

Part II – Focus Stacking

- Focus stacking for the x3 lens can improve the spatial resolution performance by more than 40% for low depth-of-field experiments
- The performance is mostly determined by scattering in the 1st scintillator
- -I lens results are expected to yield an even better performance

Part III – Achromatic Imager

- The pRad team is designing and building a prototype electron achromat
- First tests and results are expected in 2024
- Area A at LANSCE would provide enough space to build a full-scale proton achromat