

DESIGN OF A W-BAND CORRUGATED WAVEGUIDE FOR STRUCTURE WAKEFIELD ACCELERATION

Brendan Leung¹, Xueying Lu^{1,2}, Philippe Piot^{1,2}, Cassandra Phillips¹, Scott Doran², and John Power²

1: Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, Dekalb, IL 60115 USA

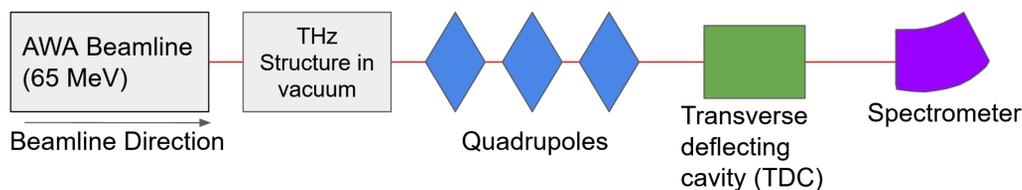
2: Argonne National Laboratory, Lemont, IL 60439 USA

ABSTRACT

- **Structure Wakefield Acceleration (SWFA) in the terahertz (THz) regime:**
 - Aims to provide high-gradient high-efficiency acceleration
 - Enables more compact and cost-effective accelerators
- A **W-band corrugated waveguide** has been designed for a collinear wakefield acceleration experiment at the Argonne Wakefield Accelerator (AWA)
 - Structure optimized for maximum gradient for the nominal AWA electron bunch at 65 MeV
- Analytical theory and simulations show good agreement
 - **Accelerating gradient of 84.6 MV/m** achieved with a 10 nC Gaussian bunch

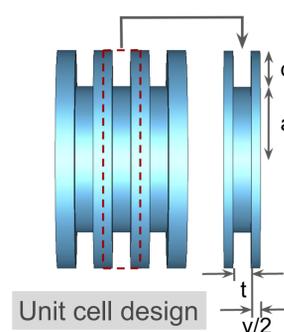
INTRODUCTION

- Advantages of THz structures for SWFA combined with bunch shaping techniques¹:
 - **High gradient:**
 - High shunt impedance => Stronger beam interaction
 - High frequency structure with short RF pulse => Lower breakdown rate²
 - **High efficiency:**
 - Longitudinal bunch shaping => transformer ratio (acc. gradient over dec. gradient) past theoretical limit of 2 for symmetric bunches
 - **Compact** structure from small transverse size
- Collinear acceleration test planned at Argonne Wakefield Accelerator (AWA)



STRUCTURE DESIGN

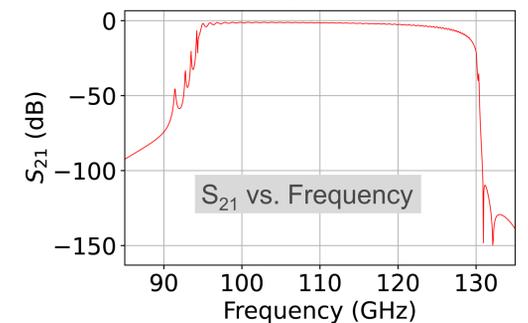
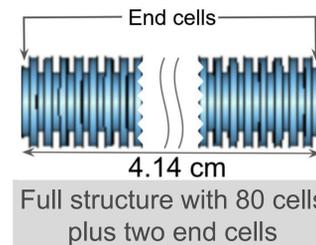
- Unit cell design of the W-band corrugated waveguide in CST Eigenmode solver
 - High shunt impedance and high gradient



Unit cell design parameters

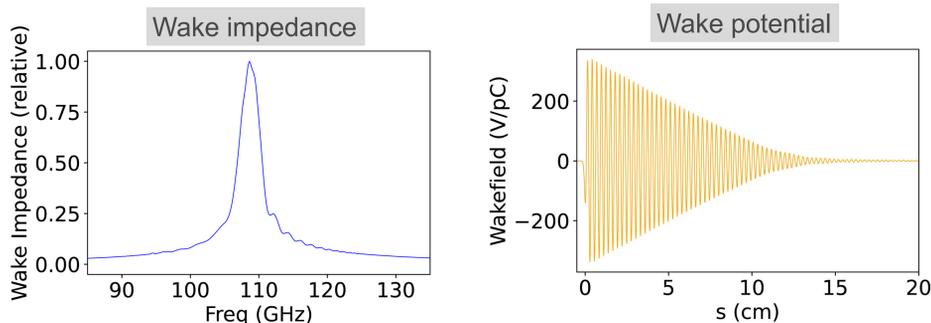
Aperture radius (a)	1.016 mm
Corrugation depth (d)	0.5 mm
Plate thickness 1 (t)	0.254 mm
Plate thickness 2 (v)	0.254 mm
Frequency (f)	110.2 GHz
r/Q	36.5 k Ω/m
Group Velocity (v_g)	0.261 c
Nominal AWA bunch charge (q)	10 nC
Bunch RMS length (σ)	0.5 mm
Accelerating gradient (E_z)	85.8 MV/m

- A full structure of 80 cells (plus two end cells) modeled using CST Microwave Studio to minimize reflection

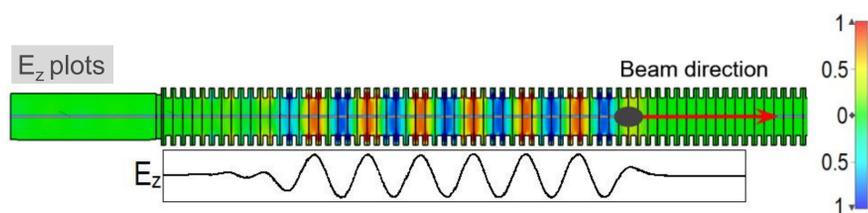


WAKEFIELD SIMULATIONS

- Wakefield excitation in the full structure simulated in CST Wakefield solver



- Electric field plot with peak gradient of 84.6 MV/m on axis, when a 10 nC, 0.5 mm Gaussian electron bunch traverses the structure
- Future study: Gradient improvement with a shaped bunch
 - Expected gradient of ~200 MV/m with a transformer ratio of 5 from a 10 nC shaped bunch



BENCHMARKING WITH THEORY AND OTHER CODES

- 3 types of benchmarking done

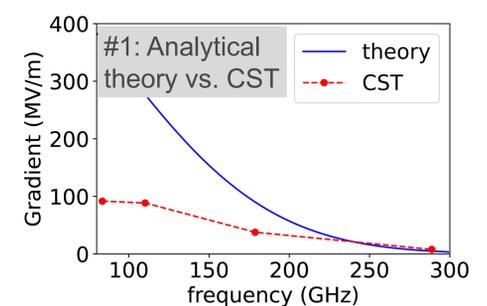
- **#1: Analytical theory vs. CST:**

- Analytical assumptions³:
 - (1) $d, t + v \ll a$ and $d \gtrsim t + v$
 - (2) Relativistic bunch

- Analytical gradient calculated by

$$E_z = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{2q}{a^2} e^{-\omega^2\sigma^2/2c^2}$$

- Good agreement with CST at high frequencies



- **#2: CST Eigenmode vs. Wakefield:**

- Gradient calculated with unit cell parameters from Eigenmode as

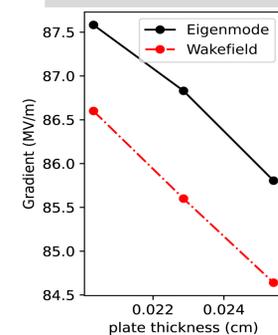
$$E_z = \frac{2qk_L}{1 - \frac{v_g}{c}} e^{-\omega^2\sigma^2/2c^2}$$

- Good agreement (~1.4% error)

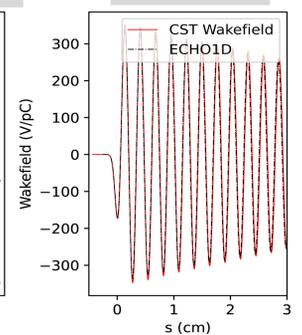
- **#3: CST and ECHO1D:**

- Good agreement between CST and another wakefield calculation code, ECHO1D

#2: CST Eigenmode vs. Wakefield



#3: CST vs. ECHO1D



FUTURE PLANS

- Mechanical design and structure fabrication
 - Electroforming, wire-EDM, laser micromachining, additive manufacturing, etc.
- Experimental setup at AWA
- Application of advanced bunch shaping techniques

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This research was supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Office of High Energy Physics under Award DE-SC0022010 and DE-SC0021928. The work at the AWA was funded through the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science under Contract No. DE-AC02-06CH11357.

CONCLUSIONS

- A W-band corrugated waveguide designed at 110 GHz for high-gradient high-efficiency wakefield acceleration
 - Accelerating gradient of 84.6 MV/m achieved with a 65 MeV Gaussian electron bunch of 10 nC and 0.5 mm long
 - Successful benchmarking between analytical theory and simulation codes, and between various codes
- Mechanical design and fabrication in progress
- Higher gradient expected with a longitudinally shaped bunch
- Collinear wakefield acceleration experiment planned for AWA with bunch shaping techniques to achieve high-gradient high-efficiency acceleration

REFERENCES

1. Ha, Gwanghui & Kim, Kwang-Je & Piot, P. & Power, J. & Sun, Y., "Bunch Shaping in Electron Linear Accelerators.", in *Rev. Mod. Phys.*, vol. 94, p.025006, May 2022.
2. Lu, Xueying *et al.*, "Advanced RF Structures for Wakefield Acceleration and High-Gradient Research.", in *Proc. Snowmass'22*, March 2022.
3. Stupakov, Gennady, "Using pipe with corrugated walls for a subterahertz free electron laser.", in *Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams*, vol. 18, p.030709, March 2015.